Code No: C9303, C4504



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.TECH I - SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY-2012 RANDOM PROCESSES AND TIME SERIES ANALYSIS (SYSTEMS AND SIGNAL PROCESSING)

Time: 3hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Derive the probability distribution function of sum of two random variables.
- b) The joint distribution of X and Y is given by $f(x) = 4xye^{-(x^2+y^2)}$; $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ show that X and Y are independent random variables.
- 2.a) Explain the simulation procedure to generate exponential random variates.
- b) A random process Y(t) is given as $Y(t) = X(t)C \operatorname{os}(\omega t + \theta)$, where X(t) is a wide sense stationary random process, ' ω ' is a random phase independent of X(t), uniformly distributed on $(\pi, -\pi)$. Find out R_{YY}(t).
- 3.a) What is a stationary random process? State the conditions for jointly wide-sense stationary processes.
 - b) A random process is given as X(t) = At, where A is uniformly distributed random variable on (0, 2). Find whether X(t) is WSS or not.
- 4.a) Derive the relationship between cross powder spectral density and cross correlation function.
- b) The power spectral density of a stationary random process is given by

 $S_{XY}(\omega) = \begin{cases} A, & -K < \omega < K \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$. Determine the auto correlation function and mean

square value.

- 5.a) Derive the relationship between power spectral densities of input and output random process of an LTI system.
 - b) A random process X(t) whose mean value is 2 and autocorrelation function is $R_{XX}(z) = 4e^{-2|z|}$ is applied to a system whose transfer function is $\frac{1}{2+j\omega}$. Find out

power spectral density and average power of output signal.

- 6.a) Distinguish between Markov processes and random processes.
- b) State and prove Chapman-kolmogorov equation.
- 7.a) Derive an expression of the average number of busy servers in M/M/m queuing system.
- b) The capacity of a wireless communication channel is 20kbps. This channel is used to transmit 8-bit characters, so the maximum rate is 2500 characters per second. The application calls for traffic from many devices to be sent on the channel with a total volume of 120,000 characters per minute. Calculate the average number of characters waiting to be transmitted and the average transmission time (including quenching delay) per character.
- 8. Write short notes on: a) Gaussian Process b) Classification of states c) Gamblers rules in Markov chains.